

14.  $g'(x) = 5x^2$

$$g(x) = \int g'(x) dx \\ = \int (5x^2) dx$$

$$g(x) = \frac{5x^3}{3} + C$$

$$-2 = \frac{5(0)^3}{3} + C$$

$$-2 = C$$

$$\rightarrow g(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^3 - 2$$

INITIAL CONDITION

$$g(0) = -2$$

$$\downarrow \\ x=0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$g(x) = -2$$