

$$8. f(x) = e^{x^2-3x}$$

$$① f'(x) = e^{x^2-3x} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2-3x)$$

$$f'(x) = \underbrace{(2x-3)}_P \underbrace{e^{x^2-3x}}_Q$$

$$P' = 2 \quad Q' = (2x-3)e^{x^2-3x}$$

$$f'Q + PQ'$$

$$f''(x) = 2e^{x^2-3x} + (2x-3)(2x-3)e^{x^2-3x}$$

$$= e^{x^2-3x} [2 + (2x-3)(2x-3)]$$

$$= e^{x^2-3x} (2 + 4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9)$$

$$= e^{x^2-3x} (4x^2 - 12x + 11)$$

$$② e^{x^2-3x} = 0 \quad 4x^2 - 12x + 11 = 0$$

~~$$\text{LNE}^{x^2-3x} = \text{LNO}$$~~ 
$$a=4 \quad b=-12 \quad c=11$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(4)(11)}}{2(4)}$$

~~$$= \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 176}}{8}$$~~

NO CRIT. #'S

CONC UP  $(-\infty, \infty)$   
NO POI'S

③

$$\begin{array}{c} -\infty \qquad \qquad \qquad \infty \\ \boxed{X=0} \\ e^{x^2-3x} (4x^2 - 12x + 11) \\ \cup \end{array}$$