

$$1. f(x) = x^4 - 18x^2$$

FINDING CRITICAL NUMBERS

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 18 \cdot 2x'$$

$$= 4x^3 - 36x$$

① FIND DERIVATIVE

$$4x^3 - 36x = 0$$

② SET THIS EQUAL TO ZERO AND SOLVE

GCF $4x(x^2 - 9) = 0$

DOTS $4x(x+3)(x-3) = 0$

$$4x = 0 \quad x+3 = 0 \quad x-3 = 0$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{0}{4} \quad x = -3 \quad x = 3$$

$$x = 0$$

$$2. f(x) = x^2 \sqrt[3]{x-2}$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{P} \cdot \frac{(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{Q}$$

① $p' = 2x \quad Q' = \frac{1}{3}(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}-1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x-2)$

$$= \frac{1}{3}(x-2)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$Q' = \frac{1}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$p'Q + pQ'$$

$$f'(x) = 2x(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}} + x^2 \left(\frac{1}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2x(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{1} + \frac{x^2}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{2x(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{6x(x-2)'}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{x^2}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{6x(x-2) + x^2}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{x[6(x-2) + x]}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{x(6x-12+x)}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{x(7x-12)}{3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

② $x(7x-12) = 0 \quad 3(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 0$

$x=0 \quad 7x-12=0$

$x-2=0$

$$7x = 12$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{12}{7}$$

$$x = \frac{12}{7}$$