

WHAT IS u?

1.  $(u)^{\text{power}}$

2.  $\sqrt{u}$

3.  $\frac{\text{SOMETHING}}{u}$

1.  $\int \underline{4x^3} \sqrt{\underline{x^4+a}} \underline{dx}$

$u = \underline{x^4+a} \quad \underline{\frac{du}{dx}} = 4x^3$

~~$dx \left( \frac{du}{dx} \right) = (4x^3) dx$~~

$du = \underline{4x^3} \underline{dx}$

$= \int \sqrt{u} du$

$= \int u^{\frac{1}{2}} du$

$= \frac{u^{\frac{1}{2}+1}}{\frac{1}{2}+1} + C$

$= \frac{u^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} + C$

$= \frac{2}{3} u^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$

$= \frac{2}{3} (x^4+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$

2.  $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^4 x} dx$

$= \int \frac{\underline{\cos x}}{(\underline{\sin x})^4} \underline{dx}$

$u = \underline{\sin x} \quad du = \underline{\cos x} \underline{dx}$

$= \int \frac{1}{u^4} du$

$\int u^{-4} du$

$= \frac{u^{-4+1}}{-4+1} + C$

$= \frac{u^{-3}}{-3} + C$

$= \frac{1}{-3u^3} + C$

$= \frac{1}{-3\sin^3 x} + C$

3.  $\int (\underline{x^3-a})^4 (\underline{3x^2}) \underline{dx}$

$u = \underline{x^3-a} \quad du = \underline{3x^2} \underline{dx}$

$= \int u^4 du$

$= \frac{u^{4+1}}{4+1} + C$

$= \frac{u^5}{5} + C$

$= \frac{1}{5} u^5 + C$

$= \frac{1}{5} (x^3-a)^5 + C$