

$$15. \int \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{x+2} dx$$

$$u = \sqrt{x-4} \quad u = (x-4)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad du = \frac{1}{2}(x-4)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$u^2 = x-4$$

$$u^2 + 4 = x$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(x-4)^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x-4} \sqrt{x-4}}{2\sqrt{x-4} (x+2)} dx$$

$$du = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x-4}} dx$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{u \cdot u}{u^2 + 4 + 2} du$$

$$u^2 + 6 \sqrt{\frac{1}{u^2}} = \frac{u^2 + 6}{-6}$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{u^2}{u^2 + 6} du$$

$$= 2 \int \left(1 - \frac{6}{u^2 + 6}\right) du$$

$$= 2 \int 1 du - 2 \int \frac{6}{u^2 + 6} du$$

$$= 2u - 2 \cdot 6 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{6})^2 + (u)^2} du$$

$$= 2u - 12 \int \frac{1}{a^2 + u^2} du$$

$$= 2u - 12 \cdot \frac{1}{a} \arctan \frac{u}{a} + C$$

$$= 2\sqrt{x-4} - 12 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \arctan \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{\sqrt{6}} + C$$