

$$5. f(x) = \frac{\sin x \cdot p}{5e^x \cdot q} \quad c=0$$

$$p' = \cos x \quad q' = 5e^x$$

$$\frac{p'q - pq'}{q^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x \cdot 5e^x - \sin x \cdot 5e^x}{(5e^x)^2}$$

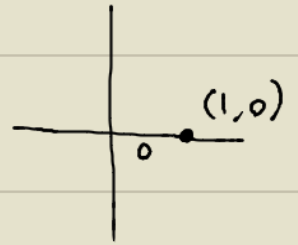
$$= \frac{5e^x [\cos x - \sin x]}{(5e^x)(5e^x)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{5e^x}$$

$$f'(0) = \frac{\cos 0 - \sin 0}{5e^0}$$

$$f'(0) = \frac{1 - 0}{5(1)}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$$



$$6. y = \frac{8x^3 - 1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{8x^3}{5} - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$= \frac{8}{5}x^3 - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$y' = \frac{8}{5} \cdot 3x^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{24}{5}x^2\right)$$

$$7. y = \frac{5x^{4/3}}{x^1}$$

$$y = \frac{5x^{4/3}}{x^{3/3}}$$

$$y = 5x^{1/3}$$

$$y' = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}-1}$$

$$y' = \frac{5}{3}x^{-2/3}$$

$$y' = \frac{5}{3x^{2/3}}$$

$$\frac{e^x}{y} = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x+1} \quad (\text{DOTS})$$

$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x+1}$$

$$y = x-1$$

$$y' = (1)$$