

$$11. f(x) = \cos x \quad \left[\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$① f'(x) = -\sin x$$

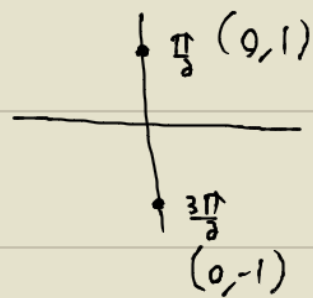
$$② f(b) = f\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$f(a) = f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = \frac{0 - 0}{\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2}} = 0$$

$$③ \begin{aligned} -\sin x &= 0 \\ \sin x &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = -\pi \quad x = 0 \quad \boxed{x = \pi} \quad x = 2\pi$$



$$12. f(x) = e^{5x} \quad [0, 3]$$

$$① f'(x) = e^{5x} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(5x) = 5e^{5x}$$

$$② f(b) = f(3) = e^{5(3)} = e^{15}$$

$$f(a) = f(0) = e^{5(0)} = 1$$

$$\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = \frac{e^{15} - 1}{3 - 0} = \frac{e^{15} - 1}{3}$$

$$③ 5e^{5x} = \frac{e^{15} - 1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5e^{5x} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{e^{15} - 1}{3}$$

$$e^{5x} = \frac{e^{15} - 1}{15}$$

$$\ln e^{5x} = \ln\left(\frac{e^{15} - 1}{15}\right)$$

$$5x = \ln\left(\frac{e^{15} - 1}{15}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5x = \frac{1}{5} \ln\left(\frac{e^{15} - 1}{15}\right)$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{1}{5} \ln\left(\frac{e^{15} - 1}{15}\right)}$$