

$$\frac{d}{dx} [x^n] = nx^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [u^n] = nu^{n-1} \cdot u'$$

u IS ANYTHING

$$1. y = 5(x^2-3)^4$$

$$y' = 5 \cdot 4(x^2-3)^3 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2-3)$$

$$y' = 20(x^2-3)^3 \cdot 2x$$

$$y' = 40x(x^2-3)^3$$

$$2. y = \sqrt{x^2-4x+9}$$

$$y = (x^2-4x+9)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(x^2-4x+9)^{\frac{1}{2}-1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2-4x+9)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(x^2-4x+9)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (2x-4)$$

$$= \frac{2x-4}{2(x^2-4x+9)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-2)}{2(x^2-4x+9)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{x-2}{(x^2-4x+9)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x^2-4x+9}}$$

$$3. y = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{x^2-5}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{x^2-5}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{(x^2-5)^1}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \left[(x^2-5)^{-1}\right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= (x^2-5)^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{3}(x^2-5)^{-\frac{1}{3}-1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2-5)$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{3}(x^2-5)^{-\frac{4}{3}} \cdot 2x$$

$$= \frac{-2x}{3(x^2-5)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$