

$$3. \quad y = x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 6$$

FIND POINTS OF INFLECTION

① FIND SECOND DERIVATIVE

$$y' = 3x^2 - 18x + 12$$

$$y'' = 6x - 18$$

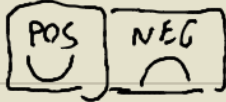
② SET SECOND DERIV. EQUAL TO ZERO AND SOLVE

$$6x - 18 = 0$$

$$6x = 18$$

$$x = 3 \quad \text{C.V.'S}$$

③ USING CRITICAL VALUES BUILD A TABLE OF INTERVALS, PICK TEST CASES, PLUG INTO SECOND DERIV. AND SIMPLIFY



	-∞	x = 3	∞
TEST CASES	x = 0	x = 4	
PLUG INTO y''	6x - 18 6(0) - 18 ∩	6x - 18 6(4) - 18 ∪	

④ ASSUMING THE X VALUE IS IN OUR DOMAIN, WHERE THE CONCAVITY CHANGES IS YOUR P.O.I., SO PLUG THE X VALUE INTO ORIG. FUNCTION TO FIND y VALUE

$$\underline{x = 3 \text{ P.O.I.}}$$

$$y = x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 6$$

$$y = 3^3 - 9(3)^2 + 12(3) - 6$$

$$= 27 - 81 + 36 - 6$$

$$= -54 + 30$$

$$y = -24$$

$$\text{P.O.I. : } (3, -24)$$