

9. (Cont.)

$$\int_C (x+y-z^2) ds$$

$$= \int_0^1 (3t) \sqrt{3^2 + 0^2 + 0^2} dt$$

$$= 9 \int_0^1 t dt$$

$$= 9 \left[\frac{1}{2} t^2 \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{9}{2} [1^2 - 0^2]$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$\int_C (x+y-z^2) ds$$

$$= \int_1^2 (-4t^2 + 8t - 1) \sqrt{0^2 + 0^2 + 2^2} dt$$

$$= 2 \left[-\frac{4}{3} t^3 + \frac{8}{2} t^2 - t \right]_1^2$$

$$= 2 \left[-\frac{32}{3} + 16 - 2 - \left(-\frac{4}{3} + 4 - 1 \right) \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[-\frac{32}{3} + 14 + \frac{4}{3} - 3 \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[-\frac{28}{3} + 11 \right]$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{5}{3}$$

$$= \frac{10}{3}$$

SEGMENT 1

$$\vec{r}(t) = \underbrace{3t}_{x(t)} \vec{i} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x + y - z^2$$

$$f(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = 3t + 0 - 0^2 = 3t$$

$$x'(t) = 3$$

$$y'(t) = 0$$

$$z'(t) = 0$$

SEGMENT 2

$$\vec{r}(t) = \underbrace{3}_{x(t)} \vec{i} + \underbrace{(2t-2)}_{z(t)} \vec{k} \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x + y - z^2$$

$$f(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = 3 + 0 - (2t-2)^2$$

$$= 3 - (2t-2)(2t-2)$$

$$= 3 - (4t^2 - 8t + 4)$$

$$= -4t^2 + 8t - 1$$

$$x'(t) = 0$$

$$y'(t) = 0$$

$$z'(t) = 2$$